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STATE OF ARIZONA

SEP 1 6 1996

DEPARTMENT OF INSURANCE

DEPT. OF INSURANCE BY

In the Matter of

CONTINENTAL INSURANCE COMPANY
BOSTON OLD COLONY INSURANCE COMPANY
COMMERCIAL INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEWARK
FIDELITY & CASUALTY COMPANY OF NEW YORK
FIREMEN'S INSURANCE COMPANY OF NEWARK
GLENS FALLS INSURANCE COMPANY
KANSAS CITY FIRE & MARINE INSURANCE CO.
MAYFLOWER INSURANCE COMPANY, LTD.
NIAGARA FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY

Respondents.

Docket No. 96A-149

CONSENT ORDER

A Market Conduct Examination of Respondents, The Continental Insurance Company #35289 ("CI"), The Boston Old Colony Insurance Company #20761 ("BOC"), Commercial Insurance Company of Newark, New Jersey #20818 ("COM"), Fidelity and Casualty Company of New York #35270 ("FC"), Firemen's Insurance Company of Newark, New Jersey #20850 ("FI"), Glens Falls Insurance Company #34622 ("GF"), Kansas City Fire and Marine Insurance Company #20885 ("KCF"), Mayflower Insurance Company, Ltd. #22152 ("MIC") and Niagara Fire Insurance Company #35106 ("NF") was conducted by Market Conduct Examiners ("Examiners") for the Arizona Department of Insurance ("the Department"). Based on the Report of Market Conduct Examination prepared by the Examiners, it is alleged that Respondents have violated provisions of the Arizona Revised Statutes, Title 20, including Sections 20-297, 20-359, 20-383, 20-385, 20-400.01, 20-448, 20-451, 20-461, 20-462, 20-1631, 20-1632, 20-1652, 20-1676, 20-1674, 20-1677, 23-906, 23-961, Arizona Administrative Code ("A.A.C.") R20-6-801, Respondents' 1989 Consent Order and Bacchus v. Farmers Ins. Group (1970) 106 Ariz. 280, 475 P.2d 264.

Respondents wish to resolve this matter without formal adjudicative proceedings and hereby agree to a Consent Order.

CNA Financial Corporation Acquisition of the Continental Corporation

CNA did not own or control Continental (Respondents) during the review period that is the subject of this market conduct examination. On May 10, 1995, the CNA Financial Corporation ("CNA") acquired control of the Continental Corporation ("Continental") and its subsidiaries through the purchase of Continental's outstanding comman stock for 1.1 billion. Continental, the ultimate holding company of the Insurer, beneficially owns all of the capital stock of the Insurer. However, CNA was completely unaffiliated with Continental during the period when the alleged violations that are subject of this Consent Order allegedly occurred.

The Director of Insurance of the State of Arizona ("the Director") enters the following Findings of Fact and Conclusions of Law, which are neither admitted nor denied by Respondents, and the following Order.

FINDINGS OF FACT

- 1. Respondents are authorized to transact property and casualty insurance including Workers Compensation ("WC") pursuant to Certificates of Authority issued by the Director.
- 2. The Examiners were authorized by the ADOI to conduct a market conduct examination of Respondents. The on-site examination was concluded as of August 31, 1993 and a Report of Examination ("Report") was written. The Examiners reviewed first party automobile total loss claim files with loss dates between

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March 24, 1985 and November 13, 1992; Uninsured Motorist claim files with loss dates from June 1, 1987 through January 26, 1991; Workers' Compensation ("WC") for the years 1990, 1991 through October 6, 1992; Commercial Monoline Policies ("CLP") for the years 1990, 1991 through October 24, 1992; Electronic Data and Word Processing ("EDP") policies for the years 1990, 1991 through October 1, 1992; Commercial Multi-Peril ("CMP") for the years 1990, 1991, 1992 through May 22, 1993 and Personal Lines ("PL") for the years 1990, 1991, 1992 through March 10, 1993.

3. The on-site portion of a prior rate examination of Respondents ("1989 examination") was completed as of January 20, 1989, by Examiners for the Department. A related Amended Consent Order was filed by the Director on September 25, 1989. Respondents were ordered, inter alia, to:

"{C}ease and desist from failing to adhere to all provisions of the WC Plan in those companies in which it has adopted the Plan, from failing document its files with the facts supporting adjustments to the full manual premium developed for risks, from failing to file all rates and rate related rules permitting it to use (A) rates or to multiply the factors developed from the schedule from a schedule rating and experience rating plan, from failing to ensure that all insureds or subjects of insurance having substantially like insuring, risk and exposure factors, or expense elements similarly rated and are not unfairly discriminated against in the amount of premium charged them."

- 4. Respondents failed to file their lists of agents with the Department for the years 1990, 1991, 1992 and 1993.
- 5. The National Council of Compensation Insurance ("the NCCI"), a duly licensed rating organization in Arizona, makes rate filings on behalf of its members with the ADOI. Workers'

Compensation ("WC") insurers are required by statute to belong to a WC rating organization and to adhere to its rates unless the insurer has filed deviations from these rates. Respondents are members of the NCCI. Any reference to the filings of these Companies, or their "filed rates and rules" means rates and rules filed with the Department by these Companies or by the NCCI on their behalf. FI has adopted a fifteen percent (15%) deviation and NF has adopted a fifteen percent (15%) deviation from rates filed by the NCCI.

- 6. The NCCI's Schedule Rating Plan ("Plan") was approved for use in Arizona July 8, 1982 by the Director. Effective October 1, 1988, the Plan was amended to require insurers to include within each WC file a completed schedule rating ("SR") worksheet and loss prevention survey. CI and KCF adopted the Plan on July 1, 1982.
- 7. Respondents issued WC policies, but failed to follow their filed plan and/or rates as follows:
- a. issued two WC policies, but failed to insert the $\ensuremath{\mathsf{NCCI}}$ carrier code number on the policy information sheet.
- b. issued one WC policy without including the NCCI risk identification number on the policy Information Page.
- c. issued five WC policies, but failed document consideration of the insureds for schedule rating ("SR"). These insureds were either experienced rated or met the premium size for experience rating ("ER") and thus were eligible for SR.
- d. issued three WC policies, but failed to include documentation of SR in the files to comply with Section 6 of the Plan.

- e. issued four WC policies, but failed to include a loss control report in the file within ninety (90) days of policy inception, as required by number 7 of the Plan.
- f. issued three WC policies, but failed to apply the final NCCI experience modification.
- g. issued two WC policies, without including the final NCCI E-mod worksheet in the policy file as documentation that the experience modification Respondents applied was the final NCCI experience modification and not the preliminary modification or one that the Respondents' calculated.
- h. billed final audits on three WC policies, but applied an incorrect or unfiled rate or incorrect minimum premium for increased limits for Coverage B.
- i. issued four WC policies but failed to include signed rejection forms in the policy files for the individuals who were excluded from coverage.
- j. issued one WC Policy, but NF applied a 15% schedule credit when NI had not filed nor been approved to apply either SR or a deviation from the manual rates.
- 8. Respondents cancelled or nonrenewed three WC policies, but failed to send the required 30 day notice of cancellation/nonrenewal to the insured.
- 9. Respondents cancelled or nonrenewed six WC policies, but failed to notify the Industrial Commission of Arizona, as required by A.R.S. § 23-961(F).
- 10. Respondents are members of the Insurance Services
 Office ("ISO"), a property and casualty ("P&C") rating
 organization duly licensed by the Department to file rates on

behalf of its members. ISO files rates and rules on behalf of Respondents. Respondents have filed with the Department various deviations from the ISO filings as well as having filed independent filings of their own.

- 11. Respondents issued CLP policies in violation of their filings as follows:
- a. waived premium on a portion of one policy in violation of their filed rule.
- b. issued four policies using an Expense Rating Plan with unfiled modifiers that resulted in overcharges totaling \$759.00.
- c. issued four policies, but failed to include any documentation in support of the schedule credits/debits applied.
- d. issued eight policies, but failed to include adequate documentation to support the schedule credits and debits.
- 12. Respondents failed to file their commercial property ("CProp") IRPM worksheet with the Department. Further the worksheet used does not comply with Part II of IRPM Plan filed by the Respondents with the Department.
- 13. Respondents failed to send 22 CProp insureds the 60 days notice of premium increase required by A.R.S. § 20-1677(A).
- 14. Respondents issued CProp policies in violation of their filings as follows:
- a. issued five policies, but failed to provide any documentation to support the IRPM credits or debits.
- b. issued 12 policies, but failed to provide adequate documentation to support the IRPM debits or credits.

- c. issued four policy files applying a prior year's ISO specific property rate or failed to obtain the current year's specific property rates from ISO.
- ${
 m d.}$ issued six policies applying protection classes not consistent with their filings.
- e. issued two policies applying territory multipliers not consistent with their filings.
- f. issued two policies applying prior rates instead of the current policy year rates.
- g. issued one policy applying an unfiled package modifier.
- 15. Respondents issued two commercial general liability ("CGL") policies, but failed to send to the insureds the required 60 day notice of premium increase.
- 16. Respondents issued two CGL policies, but applied the Commercial Liability Schedule Rating Plan with inadequate documentation in the file to support the debits applied under the Plan.
- 17. Respondents failed to apply the correct rating procedure for EDP policies as follows:
- a. issued thirty-eight out of 50 policy terms applying incorrect/inconsistent AOP load factors other than .03 new and .05 renewal business.
- b. issued seven policy terms with premiums under \$150.00 which is inconsistent with the \$150.00 minimum premium rule.
 - c. issued 23 policy terms applying incorrect rates.
 - d. issued 10 policy terms using incorrect CSP codes.

- e. issued 17 policy terms using incorrect or no protection classes.
- f. issued 14 policy terms but failed to use the applicable territorial multiplier.
- g. issued 20 policy terms which did not contain the vandalism code.
- h. issued five policy terms but failed to apply the coinsurance factor.
- i. issued 29 policy terms which contained deductible errors.
- j. issued four policy terms but applied incorrect increased limits factors.
- k. issued five policy terms which contained mathematical errors
- 18. Respondents reduced the premiums either by the company's election, or due to the agent's request on three EDP policies.
- 19. Respondents failed on 10 EDP policies to send the insureds the notice of premium increase or policy change at least sixty (60) days prior to policy expiration.
- 20. Respondents failed to send the required 60 day advance notice of premium increase or policy change, prior to policy expiration for 11 Comprehensive Business Policies ("CBP").
- 21. Respondents issued CBP policies in violation of their filings as follows:
- a. issued 17 policies in which the file failed to contain any documentation to support the debits/credits applied under Respondents' IRPM and or schedule rating ("SR") plans.

- b. issued 15 policies in which the policy files failed to contain adequate documentation to support the debits/credits applied in their IRPM and/or SR plans.
- c. issued two policies for the same insured in which the Respondents applied both a 25% IRPM credit and a 25% SR credit for the same policy term.
- d. applied a 15% SR credit to the automobile liability premium when the policy failed to meet the premium eligibility requirements.
- e. issued 27 policies in which the risks were eligible for IRPM or SR, but failed to document that the risks were considered for the same.
- f. issued two policies for the same insured in which the file failed to contain documentation to support the auto physical damage ER applied to the the manual premium.
- g. issued three policies eligible for ER, but the policy files did not document the Respondents' consideration of ER.
- h. issued eight policies using incorrect or unfiled class codes.
- i. issued 14 policies applying incorrect protection class and/or territory codes.
- j. issued 43 policies, applying incorrect rates in establishing premiums for CProp, inland marine, EDP, general liability ("GL") and/or commercial automobile ("CA") coverage parts.

- k. issued seven policies, but applied either incorrect ISO specific rates, failed to obtain or apply the current rates, and/or applied unfiled specific rates.
- 1. issued 12 policies, but applied either incorrect and/or unsupported "tentative" or "judgment" specific rates for some insureds which developed premiums inconsistent with their filings.
- m. issued four blanket rated property coverage policies in which the Respondents failed to apply the correct multiple location premium and dispersement credit ("MLPDC").
 - n. issued 10 policies applying incorrect "A" rates.
 - o. issued 11 policies applying unfiled "A" rates.
- p. issued 18 policies applying incorrect increased limits factors ("ILF").
- q. issued six policies failing to provide documentation to support the debits/credits applied as expense rating factors.
- r. issued one policy applying a 40% deviation for GF when GF filed for only a 15% deviation.
- s. issued 10 umbrella policies using unfiled rates and pricing criteria.
- t. issued one policy applying an unfiled 5% commission reduction factor in determining the umbrella premium.
- u. issued three policies, but failed to apply ER to policies eligible for ER.
- v. issued two policies in GF when the premiums did not meet the standards for use of the Preferred Rating Plan.

- w. renewed one policy but failed to apply the approved 15% deviation.
- x. issued four policies applying an IRPM rating factor instead of a Commercial General Liability Schedule Rating ("CGLSR") factor to the GL coverage.
- $\gamma.$ issued five policies omitting various rating factors in the application of the EDP formula.
- z. issued 13 policies but either failed to include intracompany sales, applied incorrect package modifiers, or applied incorrect deviations to calculate the policy premiums.
- 22. Respondents failed to send the 60 day notice of nonrenewal for two CBP policies. Furthermore, evidence in the file failed to show that the notices were sent by certified mail.
- 23. Respondents issued Business Owners Xtra policies ("BOX") but failed to file an IRPM worksheet as required by Part II of the IRPM plan.
- 24. Respondents failed to provide any documentation or inadequate documentation to support the debit/credit applied under the IRPM Plan in 35 BOX files.
- 25. Respondents failed to send the required 60 day advance notice of premium increase or policy change to 31 BOX insureds
- 26. Respondents issued BOX policies in violation of their filings as follows:
- a. issued one policy but failed to apply their excess discount factor and deductible factor.
- b. failed to apply IRPM to 31 policies which met the premium size requirement for IRPM rating.

- c. issued 47 policies applying an unfiled "BOX Automatic Inflation Adjustment-1991".
- d. issued three policies but charged a premium which was different than the premium developed under the mathematical formula.
- e. issued 10 policies applying incorrect rates or rating factors.
- f. issued eight policies but failed to apply its filed premium tax component.
- g. issued three policies but failed to apply the filed IRPM rating factor to all eligible coverages.
- h. issued three policies but failed to charge the filed flat charge for swimming pools.
- i. issued six policies applying an additional IRPM credit for BOX Custom when the policies were already issued under its BOX Custom policy contract.
- j. issued 29 policy files but applied an unfiled Inflation Guard Adjustment factor.
- k. issued two policies but applied an additional 2% credit for sprinklered buildings under the IRPM plan when this is not part of the risk characteristics under the plan.
- 1. issued nine policies but applied either incorrect construction classes or incorrect occupancy classifications.
- m. issued eight policies but applied protection classes which were inconsistent with their filings.
- n. issued one policy but failed to apply the filed Inflation Guard Adjustment factor.

- o. combined two policies into one policy and reduced the IRPM credit from 25% to 10% without any documentation in the files to support the decrease.
- 27. Respondents failed to send the notices of cancellation or nonrenewal by certified mail on 594 policies.
- 28. Respondents failed on 38 Ranchers/Farmers Deluxe Policies ("RFD") to deliver written notice of premium increase or policy change to insureds at least 60 days in advance of policy expiration.
- 29. Respondents issued 39 RFD policies but failed to document or adequately document the IRPM debits or credits in rating the policies. Also the Respondents issued 17 policies but failed to document that the policies had been considered for SR or an IRPM credit or debit.
- 30. Respondents issued RFD policies in violation of their filings as follows:
- a. issued three policies but applied unfiled rates in determining the premium for Farm Personal Property and Packing Shed Equipment.
 - b. issued one policy applying an incorrect class code.
- c. issued 13 policies applying either incorrect rates or applied unfiled rates to Manually Rated Liability Coverages.
 - d. issued 45 policies applying incorrect rates.
- e. issued 15 policies but incorrectly rated the Division II Automobile coverage by applying an incorrect factor.
- f. issued six policies that were eligible for ER but failed to apply ER to the Division II Automobile coverage.

- g. issued four policies but failed to comply with their filings by either rating the policies with a credit for expenses resulting from commissions contributed by agents with an equal amount matched by the Company or including the expense modification in the rating formula in the IRPM field.
- h. issued three policies but incorrectly rated the umbrella coverage.
- i. issued eight policies applying incorrect factors for the Brick Construction Credit.
- j. issued seven policies but incorrectly rated the Manually Rated Optional Coverages.
- k. issued nine policies but applied an incorrect protection class.
- 1. issued two policies but applied an experience modifier when the risk was not eligible.
- m. issued one policy but combined the expense adjustment and IRPM adjustment of premium using an additive approach rather than a multiplicative approach.
- 31. Respondents mailed the notice of cancellation for nonpayment of premium to one RFD insured's prior address rather than the insured's most current address.
- 32. Respondents failed to file with the Department the list of retirement communities eligible for Link Plus Program ("PCP"), the program guidelines or the Link Plus (Automobile Section) Underwriting Guide.
- 33. Respondents issued PCP policies in violation of their filings as follows:
 - a. issued 20 policies using an incorrect territory.

- b. issued one policy using an incorrect symbol for automobile coverage.
- c. issued 34 policies using incorrect protection classes.
- d. issued seven policies using an incorrect premium category.
- e. issued 41 policies rating the automobile comprehensive coverage premium incorrectly.
- f. issued 18 policies but applied incorrect rates for the Coverage Enhancement or Platinum Amendment Endorsement.
- g. issued 17 policies applying prior rates to the policies.
- h. issued 22 policies but applied the rating plan incorrectly or inconsistently which resulted in the insureds paying premiums which were different than the premiums of insureds having substantially like insuring, risk and exposures factors, or expense elements.
- i. issued five policies but incorrectly calculated the premium for watercraft.
- j. issued nine policies but incorrectly determined the insured's credit for existing insurance.
- k. issued one policy but incorrectly rated the non-owned automobile coverage.
- 1. issued seven policies but rated the automobile liability coverage premium incorrectly.
- m. issued two policies but applied the Optional Deductible credit.

- n. issued one policy to an insured who was not eligible for the LINK PLUS program.
- o. issued six policies but incorrectly rated the liability and medical coverage on the Secondary Premises.
- p. issued one policy and its renewal using an incorrect protection class.
- q. issued eight policies but incorrectly determined the premium for property coverage.
- r. issued 12 policies including a premium charge for golf carts using unfiled rates.
- s. issued two policies but rated the premium for golf cart coverage using incorrect rates.
- t. issued eight policies but failed to give the insureds credit for passive restraint devices.
- u. issued five policies but incorrectly rated the uninsured motorist ("UM") coverage.
- v. issued eleven policies but rated the Manually Rated Optional coverages incorrectly.
- w. issued two policies but miscalculated the personal umbrella premium.
- x. issued four policies but incorrectly calculated the automobile collision coverage premium.
- y. issued one policy but misapplied the new home credit.
- 34. Respondents issued one policy for three terms in a company which was not authorized to transact insurance in the State of Arizona.

- 35. Respondents cancelled or nonrenewed six automobile insureds, but used a notice which did not contain notice of the insureds' right to complain to the Director.
- 36. Respondents cancelled one automobile policy midterm, which had been in effect over 60 days but did not cancel the policy for a reason allowed by statute.
- 37. Respondents cancelled two personal automobile policies but failed to inform the insureds of their possible eligibility for the assigned risk plan.
- 38. Respondents cancelled one policy as the company was unable to obtain an application for Protective Devices, an invalid reason for midterm cancellation.
- 39. Respondents cancelled four PCP combination premises and automobile exposure for reasons listed under the premises coverage, which is not a valid reason to cancel the automobile coverage.
- 40. Respondents failed to include all applicable sales taxes and fees on settlement of 257 first party total loss automobile settlements. A total of \$10,913.87 is due these insureds and has been paid.
- 41. Respondents in 83 claim files showed either undocumented, incorrect and/or documented deductions which were not measurable, discernible, itemized and specific as to dollar amount or were not appropriate in amount. A total of \$9,158.38 is due these insureds and has been paid.
- 42. Respondents failed to pay interest to 234 insureds whose claims were paid after July 15, 1986.

- 43. Respondents in 18 first party total loss claims elected to use book value in arriving at the actual cash value ("ACV"). No attempts were made to obtain either the cost of a comparable automobile available in the local market area, or two dealer quotes within the local market area.
- 44. Respondents on four first party total loss claims failed to obtain either two dealer quotes or the dealer quotes were not within the local market area.
- 45. Respondents on four first party total loss claims failed to complete the investigation of the claim within thirty (30) days after notification of the claim.
- 46. The Examiners reviewed 29 uninsured motorist ("UM") claim settlements which revealed the following:
- a. Respondents failed to include the sum of \$1,505.51 under the medical payments coverage of one policy. This amount has been paid.
- b. Respondents failed to include the sum of \$1,455.16 in the UM settlement of one policy. This amount has been paid.

CONCLUSIONS OF LAW

- 1. By failing to file their list of agents with the ADOI prior to January 30, 1990-1993, Respondents violated A.R.S. § 20-297.
- 2. By issuing WC policies which were not in accordance with WC filings, including the Plan and deviations, filed by Respondents and by the NCCI on their behalf, Respondents violated A.R.S. §§ 20-357(E) and 20-359(A) and the 1989 Consent Order.

- 3. By failing to include in the policy files the employees' signed notice of rejection of WC coverage, Respondents violated A.R.S. § 23-906(C)
- 4. By nonrenewing and cancelling WC policies, but failing to send any notice of nonrenewal, cancellations, reinstatements or issuance to the the Industrial Commission of Arizona ("ICA") and the insureds, Respondents violated A.R.S. § 23-961(F).
- 5. By calculating the premiums of certain WC insureds differently than those of other insureds having substantially like insuring, risk and exposure factors, or expense elements, Respondents unfairly discriminated between insureds in violation of A.R.S. §§ 20-356(1) and 20-448(C), and the 1989 Consent Order.
- 6. Respondents violated A.R.S. § 20-400.01(A) by developing premiums for risks in a manner not consistent with filings made by Respondents pursuant to A.R.S. § 20-385(A) and the 1989 Consent Order.
- 7. By misclassifying risks and determining their rates on the basis of the misclassifications, Respondents violated A.R.S. § 20-400.01(B) and (C). By developing premiums based upon these misclassifications, Respondents violated A.R.S. § 20-400.01(A) and the 1989 Consent Order.
- 8. By making adjustments to full manual premiums developed for risks without adequately documenting facts supporting the adjustments in policy files, Respondents violated A.R.S. § 20-400.01(B) and (D). By issuing policies rated without adequate documentation, Respondents violated A.R.S. § 20-400.01(A) and the 1989 Consent Order.

- 9. By using unfiled rates, Respondents violated A.R.S. § 20-385(A) and the 1989 Consent Order.
- 10. By calculating the premiums of certain insureds differently than those of other insureds having substantially like insuring, risk and exposure factors, or expense elements, Respondents unfairly discriminated between insureds in violation of A.R.S. §§ 20-383(A) and 20-448(C), and the 1989 Consent Order.
- 11. By failing to send to the insured notices of premium increase or substantial reduction in coverage of commercial policies at least 60 days before the expiration date of the policy Respondents violated A.R.S. § 20-1677(A).
- 12. By charging certain policyholders reduced premiums inconsistent with Respondents' rate filings, Respondents gave rebates to certain policyholders as an inducement to insurance in violation of A.R.S. § 20-451.
- 13. By nonrenewing CP policies without delivering notices of non-renewal and sending the notices by certified mail to the insureds at least 60 days before the termination date of the policy, Respondents violated A.R.S. § 20-1676(B).
- 14. By failing to include worksheets in the files of policies to verify the rates and premiums charged, Respondents violated A.R.S. § 20-400.01(D) and the 1989 Consent Order.
- 15. By issuing a policy to an Arizona insured in a company not authorized to transact business in the State of Arizona, Respondents violated A.R.S. § 20-401.01(A).

- 16. By failing to deliver a notice of commercial policy cancellation to an insured at least 60 days before cancellation of the policy, Respondents violated A.R.S. § 20-1674(A).
- 17. By failing to inform PA policyholders of their right to complain to the Director and of their possible eligibility for the assigned risk plan, Respondents violated A.R.S. § 20-1632(A).
- 18. By cancelling PA policies in effect over 60 days for reasons other than those listed in A.R.S. § 20-1631(C), Respondents violated A.R.S. § 20-1631(C).
- 19. By cancelling Home policies for reasons other than those listed in A.R.S. § 20-1652(A), Respondents violated A.R.S. § 20-1652(A).
- 20. By failing to pay the full amount of sales taxes and license fees required for the purchase of comparable automobiles to first party claimants in their settlement of first party automobile total loss claims, Respondents violated A.A.C. Rule 20-6-801(H)(1)(b) and A.R.S. § 20-461(A)(6).
- 21. By failing to document deviations from the methodology of A.A.C. R20-6-801(H)(1)(a) and (b) in the calculation of ACV of automobiles involved in first party total loss claims, to give particulars of the automobiles' conditions and to make deductions from the ACV which were measurable, discernible, itemized and specified as to the dollar amount, including deductions for salvage, Respondents violated A.A.C. R20-6-801(H)(1)(c) and A.R.S. § 20-461(A).
- 22. By failing to obtain the either the cost of a comparable automobile in the local market area or to obtain two

dealer quotes in the local market area, Respondents violated A.A.C. R4-14-801(H)(1)(i) and (ii) (Now R20-6-801) and A.R.S. § 20-461(A)(6).

- 23. By failing to pay all amounts due on first party automobile total loss claims within 30 days of the receipt of an acceptable proof of loss which contained all information necessary for claim adjudication and by failing to pay interest on the amount due from the date the claim was received by the insurer, Respondents violated A.R.S. § 20-462(A).
- 24. By failing to complete the investigation of first party automobile total loss claims within 30 days of notification, Respondents violated A.A.C. R20-6-801(F) and A.R.S. § 20-461(A).
- 25. By failing to compensate one insured under the medical payment portion of his policy, Respondents violated A.R.S. § 20-461(A)(6).
- 26. By failing to fully compensate one UM insured for his loss, Respondents violated <u>Bacchus v. Farmers</u> and A.R.S. § 20-461(A)(6).
- 27. Grounds exist for the Director to suspend the Certificates of Authority of the Respondents pursuant to A.R.S. § 20-220.
- 28. Grounds exist for the entry of all other provisions of the following Order.

ORDER

Respondents having admitted the jurisdiction of the Director to enter this Order, having waived the Notice of

1 2 IT IS HEREBY ORDERED THAT: 1. 5 6 Department; 8 9 their filings; 10 11 12 13 14 20-400.01; 15 g. using unfiled rates; 16 17 18 19 insurance; 20 21 22 mail; **2**3 24 25 authorized; 26 27 cancellation; 28

Hearing, and having consented to the entry of this Order, and there being no just reason for delay:

- Respondents shall cease and desist from:
 - a. violating Orders of the Director;
- b. failing to file their list of agents with the
- c. failing to issue WC policies in accordance with
- d. failing to inform the ICA of WC policy ccancellations, nonrenewals, reinstatements and issuance;
 - e. unfairly discriminating against insureds;
- f. failing to document in accordance with A.R.S. §
- h. failing to send notices or premium increase or reduction of coverage for commercial policies;
- i. charging reduces premium as an inducement for
- j. failing to send notices of nonrenewal of commercial insurance to insured and failing to send the same by certified
 - k. failing to include worksheets in the files;
- 1. issuing a policy to an insured in a company not
- m. failing to deliver notices of of commercial policy
 - n. failing to produce records;

- o. failing to inform PA policyholders of the right to complain to the Director and possible eligibility for the assigned risk plan;
- p. cancelling PA and Home policies in violation of statutes;
 - q. failing to adhere to A.A.C. R20-6-801;
- r. failing to adhere to the provisions of A.R.S. § 20-462(A) as regarding interest paid on claims;
- s. failing to pay UM and medical claims pursuant to caselaw and statute.
- 2. As the Repondents have been acquired by CNA, as stated above, and since all Respondents' personnel have either been terminated or retrained by CNA, action plans and certain filings shall not be required from Respondents as part of this Order. In the event that a subsequent examination of CNA shall find the types of violations referenced in this Order, CNA shall be required to file action plans at that time.
- 3. Respondents have paid to the claimants and insureds listed on Page 139 of the Report, Exhibit 16 of the Report, Exhibit 26 of the Report and Exhibit 54 of the Report all monies due on account of premium overcharges or claim underpayments. Respondents have also paid interest on these amounts at the rate of ten percent (10%) per annum from the date of the overcharge or the date of the claim submission until the date of payment by the Respondents. All refunds or payments were accompanied by a letter acceptable to the Director. Documentation of these payments has been provided to the Department.

- 4. Respondents have paid to the insureds listed in Exhibit 28, Exhibit 37, Exhibit 40 and Exhibit 45 of the Report all monies due. Respondents have also paid interest on these amounts at the rate of ten percent (10%) per annum from the date of the overcharge until the date of payment by the Respondents. All refunds or payments were accompanied by a letter acceptable to the Director. Documentation of these payments has been provided to the Department for Exhibit 28, Exhibit 37, Exhibit 40 and Exhibit 45.
- 5. Respondents have paid to the claimants of claims #0181S8168 and #0185U5916 the claim amounts due on account of claim underpayments. Respondents have paid interest on these amounts as required by A.R.S. § 20-462(A) in the amount of ten percent (10%) per annum from the date of the claim submission until the date of payment by the Respondents. All payments were accompanied by a letter acceptable to the Director.

 Documentation of these payments has been provided to the Department.
- 6. The Department shall be permitted, through authorized representatives, to verify Respondents have fully complied with all requirements of this Order. The Director may separately order Respondents to comply with this Consent Order.
- 7. Respondents shall pay a civil penalty of Seventy-Five Thousand Dollars (\$75,000.00) to the Director for remission to the State Treasurer for deposit in the State General Fund in accordance with A.R.S. §20-220(B). This payment shall be provided to the Market Conduct Examination Division of the Department on or before August 27, 1996.

8. The August 31, 1993 Report of Examination and any objections to the Report by Respondents, shall be filed with the Department upon acceptance by the Director of this Consent Order. DATED at Phoenix, Arizona this day of ________, 1996.

John C. King Director of Insurance

CONSENT TO ORDER

- 1. Respondents, Continental Insurance Company, Boston Old Colony Insurance Company, Commercial Insurance Company of Newark, New Jersey, Fidelity and Casualty Company of New York, Firemen's Insurance Company of Newark, New Jersey, Glens Falls Insurance Company, Kansas City Fire & Marine Insurance Company, Mayflower Insurance Company, Ltd. and Niagara Fire Insurance Company have reviewed the attached Consent Order.
- 2. Respondents are aware of their right to a hearing at which hearing Respondent may be represented by counsel, present evidence and cross-examine witnesses. Respondents irrevocably waives their rights both to demand a public hearing and to seek judicial review of this Consent Order.
- 3. Respondents admit the jurisdiction of the Director of Insurance, State of Arizona, and consents to the entry of this Consent Order.
- 4. Respondents state that no promise of any kind or nature has been was made to them to induce them to enter into this Consent Order and that they have entered into this Consent Order voluntarily.
- 5. Respondents acknowledge that the acceptance of this Order by the Director of Insurance, State of Arizona, is solely to settle this matter against them and does not preclude any other agency or officer of this state or subdivision from instituting other civil or criminal proceedings as may be appropriate now or in the future.
- Senior Vice Secretary and represents that as President, General Counselhe is anofficer of Respondents and that, as such, he is authorized by it to enter into this Consent Order on their behalf.

Continental Insurance Company
Boston Old Colony Insurance Company
Commercial Insurance Company
Fidelity & Casualty Insurance Company
Firemen's Insurance Company
Glens Falls Insurance Company
Kansas City Fire & Marine
Insurance Company
Mayflower Insurance Company, Ltd.

Miayara Fire Insurance Company, Lo

August 26, 1996 (Date)

Ву

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COFY of the foregoing mailed/delivered this 16th day of September, 1996, to:

Charles R. Cohen
Deputy Director
Gregory Y. Harris
Executive Assistant Director
Erin Klüg
Chief Market Conduct Examiner
Market Conduct Examinations Division
Paul J. Hogan
Supervisor
Market Conduct Examinations Division
Deloris E. Williamson

Assistant Director
Rates & Regulations Division
Gary Torticill

Assistant Director and Chief Financial Examiner Corporate & Financial Affairs Division Cathy O'Neil

Assistant Director
Consumer Services and Investigations

DEPARTMENT OF INSURANCE 2910 North 44th Street, Suite 210 Phoenix, AZ 85018

Jeffrey S. Yosowitz Director and Counsel Law Department - 42 South CNA Insurance Companies CNA Flaza Chicago, Illinois 60685

Currey W. Burton